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A Study of Marketing Mix of Nestle

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Introduction

The marketing mix, which consists of the components product, price, place, and promotion, provides businesses with a fundamental foundation for the development and implementation of efficient marketing strategies. Nestlé has established itself as a global leader in the food and beverage business, distinguishing itself from other significant competitors in the market by virtue of its powerful presence and extensive product portfolio. It is possible that a significant portion of Nestlé's success can be credited, at least in part, to the company's strategic utilisation of the marketing mix in order to satisfy the wants of consumers, maintain market competitiveness, and accomplish corporate goals.

1.1 Context and Importance Nestlé is a Swiss multinational food and beverage corporation that was established in 1866 and has since grown to become one of the largest food and beverage corporations in the world. Nestlé is present in over 190 countries and has a workforce of more than 300,000 people. Nestlé is a multinational food and beverage company that has a long history and is dedicated to improving people's lives via the development of a diverse portfolio of products. These products span a variety of categories, such as nutrition, confectionery, dairy, and beverages. Nestlé is an organisation that places a strong emphasis on the customer experience, and as such, it understands the significance of a well-executed marketing mix in terms of successfully reaching the company's target audience and fostering customer loyalty.

It is essential for marketers, researchers, and industry experts who are interested in gaining insights into the marketing methods used by a successful global firm to have a solid understanding of Nestlé's marketing mix. If we investigate the manner in which Nestlé approaches product development, price, distribution, and promotion, we stand a good chance of gaining significant information on the ways in which these components are linked and exploited to produce a sustained advantage over the competition. In addition, conducting research on Nestlé's marketing mix can yield useful insights and suggestions for other businesses that are active in the food and beverage industry or that are looking to improve their marketing strategies. These insights and suggestions can be put into practise.

1.2 Research Objectives:

The primary objective of this research study is to carry out an in-depth investigation of the marketing mix utilised by Nestlé. We hope to accomplish the following by analysing the four most important aspects: product, pricing, location, and promotion.

Determine the approaches that Nestlé uses for each component of the marketing mix, and describe them. Conduct an analysis to determine how successful and consistent Nestlé's marketing mix efforts are.



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Examine how the marketing mix used by Nestlé affects the company's brand image, market share, and the level of satisfaction felt by its customers.

Discuss the difficulties that Nestlé is facing and the directions it plans to take in the future in respect to its marketing mix tactics.

Make some suggestions that Nestlé and the other major participants in the sector might use to improve their marketing mix strategies.

1.3 Methodology:

This study will employ a mix of qualitative and quantitative research approaches in order to achieve the goals of the research. A thorough analysis of academic studies, reports from the relevant industry, and official publications will serve as the basis for developing a knowledge of the marketing mix methods implemented by Nestlé. In addition, primary research may be carried out in the form of questionnaires or interviews with marketing professionals from Nestlé in order to acquire more insights and validate the findings.

Overview of Nestle:

Swiss-based Nestlé is a well-known international food and beverage company. Nestlé is a global company with operations in over 190 nations. It provides a wide range of goods including beverages, confections, dairy products, nutrition, and more. Due to its dedication to quality, innovation, and customer happiness, the company has become a leader in its field. Among other well-known brands, Nestlé's brand portfolio includes Nescafé, KitKat, Maggi, and Purina. Nestlé consistently introduces new and improved goods to satisfy shifting consumer demands by investing in research and development. The business excels in distribution, ensuring that customers can easily get its items through a huge network of retail channels around the world. The focus of Nestlé's marketing efforts, which use a variety of media, is on connecting with consumers and fostering brand loyalty. Additionally, Nestlé is committed to social responsibility and environmental sustainability, and it has taken steps to lessen its environmental impact and assist regional communities. Overall, Nestlé's success around the world can be attributed to its powerful brands, emphasis on innovation, effective distribution, dedication to consumer happiness, and ethical business practises.

Product strategy

Nestlé's product strategy drives its food and beverage success. Product development, portfolio management, branding, and packaging suit consumer wants, respond to changes, and keep the organisation competitive.

Nestlé prioritises product development and innovation. The corporation invests much in R&D to create new and improved goods that meet changing consumer tastes. Nestlé finds new market segments and produces unique products based on market research and consumer insights. This strategy lets Nestlé develop unique, differentiated goods that appeal to consumers while addressing their health, wellness, and sustainability concerns.

Price strategy:

Nestlé's marketing strategy relies on cost. The corporation uses several price tactics to sell its products, maximise profitability, and stay competitive.



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Nestlé has many pricing goals. Market share, consumer demand, and product value are considered along with earnings. Nestlé balances appealing prices with quality and value.

Nestlé uses multiple pricing schemes. Cost-based pricing considers production costs, distribution costs, and profit margins. Nestlé analyses manufacturing, packaging, and delivery costs to set profitable, competitive prices.

Market-based pricing considers customer demand, market conditions, and competitive dynamics at Nestlé. Nestlé matches market expectations and maintains its industry position by analysing competitors' pricing strategies and market trends.

Nestlé also uses promotional pricing. The corporation attracts clients and boosts sales using discounts, special offers, and sales promotions. These promotions attempt to thrill, engage, and build brand loyalty. Nestlé uses value-based pricing. The organisation understands that quality, nutritional content, brand recognition, and convenience determine consumer value. Nestlé uses this value perception to justify premium pricing for unique items that match consumer needs.

Nestlé's pricing approach blends cost-based, market-based, promotional, and value-based pricing. Nestlé positions its products in the market and sets prices that suit its business goals while fulfilling consumer expectations by taking into account costs, competition, consumer demand, and perceived value.

Nestlé oversees a diverse product portfolio. The corporation can meet a variety of consumer needs by supplying a wide range of items. Brands in beverages, confectionary, dairy, nutrition, and pet care are included. Nestlé may target diverse consumer segments and maintain a strong market presence across product categories with this extensive selection.

Nestlé's brand strategy is crucial. Its brands are readily recognisable and connected with quality. Nestlé's branding efforts focus on consumer trust, loyalty, and emotional connections. To distinguish itself from competition, the corporation spends in marketing and brand-building.

Nestlé prioritises packaging. The company prioritises attractive, informative, and convenient packaging. Nestlé understands how packaging affects consumer perception and strives to produce packaging that enhances the product experience. Packaging innovations focus on sustainability and product distinctiveness by using eco-friendly materials and designs.

Nestlé's product strategy emphasises innovation, variety, branding, and packaging. Nestlé stays ahead of the competition through listening to consumers, using market data, and investing in R&D.

Place strategy:

Nestlé's place strategy maximises product availability and convenience by optimising distribution and placement. The organisation uses many methods and collaborations to reach its target markets.

Nestlé uses old and new distribution channels worldwide. To reach consumers, the company works with retailers, supermarkets, convenience stores, and wholesalers. Nestlé can reach varied markets by working with established distribution partners.

Nestlé's location strategy now prioritises e-commerce and internet shopping. For online sales, the corporation has engaged in digital channels and partnerships. Nestlé's online presence helps consumers and gives the corporation important consumer data and insights.

Nestlé also prioritises shop placement. The company secures retail shelf space and conspicuous product placement to boost awareness and sales. Nestlé uses eye-catching displays and in-store promotions to influence consumer purchases.



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Nestlé prioritises supply chain management to deliver products quickly and efficiently. The company collaborates with suppliers, logistics providers, and distributors to optimise product flow from production to retail. Nestlé reduces costs, lead times, and product freshness by optimising its supply chain.

Nestlé's location strategy also applies globally. To serve local markets and decrease transportation expenses, the corporation strategically locates manufacturing and distribution centres. Nestlé localises its products to local cultural preferences and legislation to ensure they appeal to consumers.

Nestlé's location strategy emphasises a broad distribution network that includes online and offline channels. Nestlé maximises availability, exposure, and convenience through working with merchants, using e-commerce platforms, and strategically putting its products in retail outlets. Supply chain management and worldwide localization support the company's location strategy, ensuring efficient distribution and market responsiveness.

Promotion strategy:

Nestlé's promotion strategy raises brand awareness, engages consumers, and boosts sales. The organisation uses traditional and digital marketing to reach its target demographic and establish brand equity.

Nestlé promotes through advertising and PR. Television, print, and online advertising campaigns promote the brand and its products. Nestlé carefully chooses media platforms and advertising channels to reach and impact its target market.

Nestlé uses PR to boost its brand image and reputation. To gain consumer trust, the company sponsors, partners, and volunteers. Nestlé promotes its ethical business practises through its social and environmental initiatives.

Nestlé also relies on sales promotions. The corporation encourages purchases and interaction with discounts, coupons, sweepstakes, and loyalty programmes. Consumers feel urgency and excitement when these promotions are scheduled to coincide with seasonal events or product releases.

Nestlé's promotion strategy increasingly uses digital and social media. Social media, content marketing, and influencer collaborations help the organisation reach its target demographic and build brand advocacy. Interactive campaigns, user-generated content, and personalised messages develop community and brand loyalty for Nestlé.

Nestlé also uses data-driven marketing to improve its promotions. The organisation analyses customer data to understand preferences, behaviours, and trends. Nestlé may customise its promotions, target certain consumer categories, and offer relevant messaging using this data-driven strategy.

In conclusion, Nestlé's promotion strategy includes advertising, PR, sales promotions, digital marketing, and data-driven techniques. Nestlé promotes its brand, engages customers, and boosts sales via a variety of methods. In the competitive food and beverage business, Nestlé's focus on brand equity, community engagement, and digital platforms keeps it in consumers' minds.

Challenges and Recommendations:

Nestlé, like other multinational companies, must navigate future routes to maintain success and adapt to changing market conditions. Nestlé's main difficulties and probable future directions:

Health, sustainability, and transparency are becoming consumer priorities. Nestlé must innovate to meet these evolving tastes. This includes increasing its healthy and sustainable options, ingredient transparency, and nutrition and environmental considerations.



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Competitive Landscape: New players and innovators enter the food and beverage business frequently. To be competitive, Nestlé must be flexible, invest in R&D, and improve its products. Expanding into new categories or markets may need partnerships, acquisitions, or strategic alliances.

E-commerce and Digital Transformation: Nestlé faces opportunities and difficulties from e-commerce and digital platforms. The organisation must develop its digital capabilities, optimise its online presence, and use data and analytics to personalise marketing and increase consumer interaction. Digital infrastructure, e-commerce alliances, and online supply chain capabilities are essential.

Sustainability and Environmental effect: Nestlé faces rising scrutiny and expectations around its environmental effect, packaging waste, and responsible sourcing. Sustainability, eco-friendly packaging, carbon footprint reduction, and ethical raw material sourcing must be prioritised by the company. Stakeholder engagement, supplier collaboration, and ambitious sustainability goals are included.

Regulatory Landscape: Food and beverage labelling, health claims, and ingredient standards are always changing. Nestlé must comply with shifting legislation and solve new concerns to maintain consumer confidence and reputation. This may involve lobbying lawmakers, investing in regulatory compliance, and promoting industry standards.

Nestlé can explore emerging areas with a growing middle class and consumer spending power. Using its research and development capabilities, the corporation can diversify and innovate its products to meet consumer requirements and trends. Digital technologies, data analytics, and AI can improve Nestlé's marketing and operations. To satisfy consumers and stakeholders, Nestlé might emphasise corporate social responsibility and ethical sourcing.

Nestlé can maintain its position as a leading global food and beverage company, promote sustainable growth, and continue delivering value to consumers and shareholders by addressing these issues and embracing future directions.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, Nestlé's marketing mix shows a deliberate strategy that has helped them dominate the food and beverage business. Nestlé's product strategy emphasises innovation, variety, branding, and packaging. Nestlé satisfies consumer requirements and tastes while considering health, wellbeing, and sustainability by constantly enhancing its goods.

Nestlé uses cost-based, market-based, promotional, and value-based pricing. This method lets Nestlé manage profitability, competitive price, and product value to stay appealing to consumers while meeting financial goals.

Nestlé's location strategy emphasises extensive distribution and consumer convenience. Nestlé makes its products accessible worldwide through its global distribution network, smart store placement, and internet presence. Supply chain management and localization enhance the company's location strategy, ensuring efficient distribution and market responsiveness.

Nestlé uses advertising, public relations, sales promotions, digital marketing, and data-driven strategies to build brand awareness, engage consumers, and boost sales. Nestlé efficiently conveys its brand message, encourages consumer loyalty, and reacts to changing consumer tastes and behaviours by combining traditional and digital marketing methods.

Nestlé's marketing mix—product, pricing, place, and promotion—has made it a global food and beverage leader. Nestlé thrives in a competitive market by addressing consumer needs and creating long-term value



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