

# A Study on Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Banking Services

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## Abstract:

The most significant development in the banking industry right now is a greater focus on the needs of the consumer. Customers who are familiar with modern technologies and use them often want flawless banking experiences from banks. For services like mobile banking, e-banking, and telecom that enable these expectations, banks have improved their industry landscape to contain retail, IT, and telecom, simultaneous financial transfers. The majority of the benefits provided by these innovations to customers, a price has been paid for the convenience of having banking services available wherever they are and whenever they need their sector. Additionally, this study sheds light on the advantages and disadvantages of artificial intelligence. The Indian banking industry uses intelligence. As a descriptive research, this one includes all the necessary relevant information has been gathered from numerous sources.

**Keywords:** Artificial Intelligence, Banking, mobile banking, e-banking, and telecom

## Introduction

Artificial intelligence (AI) has revolutionized several industries, and banking is no exception. The integration of artificial intelligence into banking services has led to significant advances that have changed the way financial institutions operate, interact with customers and manage their operations. The adoption of artificial intelligence in banking services is due to the need to increase efficiency, improve customer experience, improve risk management and individualized financial solutions. Systems based on artificial intelligence are currently helping banks reduce costs by increasing productivity and making decisions based on information that cannot be understood by humans. Intelligent algorithms can detect even unmeasured data in seconds. These figures show that the banking and financial industry is rapidly moving towards artificial intelligence to improve efficiency, service and productivity and reduce costs. Every industry analyzes its opportunities and implements strategies to create added value in a technology-driven environment.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is changing the banking sector. Banks are actively embracing new age technology in order to better serve their modern customers and to have more development opportunities. From accounting to sales to contracts to cyber security, AI is helping banks revolutionize all aspects of their business. With machine learning, block chain technology, and data analytics, banks are future-proofing their products and services. Bank and financial company performance and competitiveness are increasing thanks to AI in banking and finance. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is being used by banks for a

variety of reasons, including fraud detection, enhanced customer experiences, tracking customer behavior to provide more personalized services, credit history analysis to predict loan allocation risks, and many more.

The banking industry is undergoing ground-breaking reforms, with a focus on the client as the primary driver. Customers who are tech aware and regularly interact with modern technology want banks to provide smooth experiences. In order to fulfill these demands, banks have increased their industry environment to enable services like mobile banking, e-banking, and telecom quick money transfers. While these developments have allowed users to access the majority of the access to banking services at any time as well as from everywhere has a price for the banking industry sector. This study is descriptive in nature, so all the necessary relevant data have been collected from various journals, magazines for published papers, and websites. The study also provides an insight into both the advantages and disadvantages of artificial intelligence used in Indian banking industries.

### **Objective of the study**

1. To recognize the purpose of artificial intelligence.
2. To research the use of artificial intelligence in the banking industry.
3. To examine the advantages and disadvantages of artificial intelligence in the banking sector.

### **Research Methodology**

This descriptive study discusses the definition and purpose of artificial intelligence, as well as both the advantages and disadvantages of AI in the Indian banking sector. Utilizes the use of secondary data as a result. Only evidence from observation and analysis is used as the basis for the whole examination. Additionally, the necessary and applicable secondary data are collected via a variety of research papers, journals, and numerous publications, websites, etc. Additionally, books have been recommended for theoretical details on the topic as necessary.

### **Reasons of Artificial Intelligence**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the development of computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence. These tasks include learning, reasoning, problem-solving, perception, language understanding, and even the ability to interact with the environment. AI aims to create systems that can mimic human cognitive functions, allowing them to make decisions, learn from experience, and adapt to new information.

### **Artificial Intelligence in banking**

AI in banking product development and management has reached unprecedented heights, reshaping the way financial institutions conceive, create, and manage their offerings. This article explores the multifaceted and ever-evolving role of AI in the contemporary banking landscape.

Artificial Intelligence leverage natural language processing and machine learning algorithms to decipher customer intent and context accurately. They sift through vast data reservoirs to predict customer behavior, enabling proactive engagement. For example, if a customer typically withdraws a large sum on weekends, the AI may send an alert on Friday, ensuring that the customer has sufficient funds. Natural language-processing capabilities and an understanding of customer data mean AI could become an

excellent solution to provide a more personalized, efficient and convenient user experience in banking and financial services.

For the financial industry, artificial intelligence has a lot to offer. The conclusions drawn from the data indicate that artificial intelligence is meeting the needs of customers in banking and financial services. Customers of financial services and banking are well-informed about uses of artificial intelligence. Chatbots, KYC/AML, Security Compliance, and the ability to more quickly and easily meet client demands were the next most popular uses of AI in banking and financial services applications. The creation of creative preparation to enhance AI practices in the workplace has increased customer commitment from representatives of banking and financial services. Detection of fraud and evaluation of an individual's creditworthiness are further uses for it.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a simulation of human intelligence that drives the development of smarter machines that can do human tasks intelligently. Based on the data it is given, artificial intelligence (AI) functions similarly to the human brain in that it is able to think and make decisions more accurately.

Today's market is seeing an increase in the use of artificial intelligence. The banking business is just one of the sectors that employ it. A lot of time and money are saved by the banking industry's creative use of AI. Banking institutions employ algorithms to provide precise outcomes that improve customer service and boost sales in order to maximize profits. AI, which reduces errors caused by, consists of machine learning and profound learning.

### **Positive Impacts of AI for Banking Sector**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) can assist banks in understanding consumer spending patterns, creating personalized investment plans and helping customers create budgets, notifying customers about advise on monitoring expenses and investments based on data, It is possible to monitor transactional data as well as data from other sources to gain insight into consumer behavior and preferences and enhance their experience. Artificial intelligence is capable of sifting through enormous volumes of data and identifying trends that human observers would miss. This ability is especially useful in the prevention of fraud, as many financial service providers use artificial intelligence and machine learning systems to identify fraud in real time.



### **Investment Automation**

A risky, untapped market for discovering new opportunities, many firms like UBS and ING has developed AI systems that automate investments. While it is constantly monitored by humans, this technology is unveiling new opportunities through better modeling.

### **Improved Fraud detection**

It is unsurprising that AI is better at handling vast amounts of data and detecting frauds way before humans can. They can apply different algorithms, without making mistakes, to perform such repetitive tasks with ease. This is one of those benefits that banking and financial institutions are enjoying because of being an already data-heavy industry.

### **Improved Regulatory Compliance**

Governments use their regulatory power to make sure that banks are avoiding high-scale defaults and that no customers are committing any financial crimes. Banks comply with certain regulations to make sure that illegal activity is taking place and this is where AI has been helping. By using smart AI virtual assistants, financial institutions are able to monitor transactions while keeping an eye on customer behaviors and various compliances and regulations. This helps them practice compliance while minimizing overall risk.

### **Automated Customer Service**

Having a chatbot available 24/7 means that customers don't need to worry about reaching the bank before closing time or on holidays or weekends. It also means that the well-documented chatbot can much more easily solve a customer's problem than an actual customer care agent. While chatbots are nothing new, integrating them inside the financial institution gives them an upper hand in handling many standard banking tasks that previously required human involvement.

### **Reduced operational costs**

While the banking industry is mostly digital in its operations, some processes cannot be automated and require the help of humans. Banks can face high operational costs and risks due to human error. Such processes cannot be automated but the rule-based digital tasks that require human intervention can be coupled with other artificial intelligence techniques to achieve better results. For example, paperwork-heavy processes have the potential to become automated once natural language processing can viably process handwriting and processes through a rule-based method.

### **Improved loan and credit decision**

Similarly, banks are using AI-based systems to help make more informed, safer and profitable loan and credit decisions. Currently, many banks are still too confined to the use of credit scores, credit history, customer references and banking transactions to determine whether or not an individual or company is creditworthy.

**Efficiency and consistency improvements**

By handling vast amounts of data and increasing the productivity, accuracy, and speed of mathematical calculations, banks can determine the optimal combination of initial margin-reducing deals at any given time based on the degree of initial margin reduction in the past various amalgamations of such trades.

**Account Inquiries & Money Transfers**

Banking users can employ chatbots to monitor their account balances, transaction history and other account-related information. Customers could potentially make fund transfers to other accounts or to pay merchants through a chatbot.

**Financial Advice**

Banks could train chatbots to provide investment information and assist customers in making informed investment decisions. Financial services become more efficient as a result of the magnificent speed, opening up possibilities for more individualized client solutions. In addition, making things greater, AI acts quickly and makes quicker decisions.

**Cyber security risks**

AI systems can be vulnerable to cyber-attacks, and banks must implement robust cyber security measures to prevent breaches. For IT security performance to be improved at the enterprise level, AI for Cyber security is essential. It offers analysis and threat detection to assist security professionals in reducing breach risk, prioritizing potential dangers directing incident response, and detecting malware attacks before they happen.

**Transferring work away from people**

Artificial intelligence has the ability to replace the work of humans in jobs, which lowers costs, accelerates response times, keeps people informed of recent changes in regulations, and saves time when generating reports. The Bank has automated processes to reply to requests for data from external auditors, among other repetitious duties.

**Customer experience and employee effectiveness**

Artificial intelligence boosts employee performance and enhances consumer experience through customized emails and other offerings, It improves income, It increases the productivity of sales reps, More accuracy and precision are provided by AI. AI can improve your clients' level of happiness with a variety of services, including cash transfers, bill payment, card management, and other support. These services are all simply controlled with desktop computers, smartphones, and other mobile devices.

**Negative Impacts of AI for banking sector**

However, relations between employers and employees may change as a result of more frequent job changes, an increase in contract, self-employment, and precarious employment, which might potentially diminish workers' rights and the importance of trade unions. AI's disruptive effects could potentially have an impact on economic inequality, income distribution, and salaries. Even if artificial intelligence (AI) has the potential to revolutionize business, there are a number of drawbacks that should be carefully

evaluated. This section examines the possible drawbacks of artificial intelligence (AI) for organizations, including moral dilemmas, employment losses, privacy problems, and biases in AI systems.



### **Data Privacy and Security Risks**

As AI systems handle vast amounts of sensitive financial data, there is a risk of data breaches and unauthorized access. Maintaining robust Cyber security measures and adhering to data protection regulations are crucial to mitigate these risks.

### **Ethical considerations**

The use of AI raises ethical concerns, such as bias in decision-making and job displacement. Banks must ensure that their AI systems are transparent, fair, and unbiased.

### **Regulatory and Ethical challenges**

Banks are subject to strict regulations and compliance requirements. The use of AI can raise regulatory concerns, such as the use of unexplainable AI algorithms. The speedy advancement of artificial intelligence technology presents obstacles for regulatory frameworks, and the ethical implications of AI utilization may lack clarity. Financial institutions and Banks may encounter regulatory ambiguities, moral conundrums, and problems with compliance when rules can't keep up with the rapid evolution of technology.

### **High Cost of Error**

Commercial banking loans often have a ticket size of millions of dollars. In the current process, these loans are carefully evaluated by humans, and systems are used as an ancillary tool. With the advent of commercial banking, this situation is likely to be reversed. Hence, systems will play a major role and humans will play the ancillary role. Therefore, if the system makes an error like disbursing a loan to a counterparty that is not creditworthy, the consequences will have to be borne by banks. To overcome

this issue, commercial banks are first implementing this technology in areas where the ticket size is small. This will enable them to implement the technology in a more controlled manner.

### **Reduced Loyalty**

At the present moment, commercial banking systems are based on human networking. Companies do not necessarily take loans from the bank which offers them the cheapest finance. Instead, companies take loans from banks that they consider to be a business partner and have good working relationships with. Relationship banking plays a large part in this process.

At the present moment, commercial banks witness a large loyalty from their customers. However, with the advent of commercial banking, this loyalty is likely to be decreased. Commercial banks will end up commoditizing their services. This is because if there is no human connection involved, then there is no differentiating factor for a commercial bank. Corporations will be encouraged to look at commercial banking in a commoditized manner.

### **Job Displacement and Economic Inequality**

According to a study conducted by the World Economic Forum (WEF), automation and AI are expected to result in a loss of 5 million jobs across the banking industry by 2025. This accounts for approximately 30% of the banking workforce. The study also highlights that the job losses will predominantly affect roles related to data entry, customer support, and transaction processing..

### **Expensive**

Artificial intelligence is a very expensive technology to implement! It needs to be understood that right now, technology is at a nascent stage. Hence, it is considered to be a rare commodity in the technology space. There are very few vendors who can enable banks to use these technologies. However, among these vendors as well, there are very few which are capable enough to execute large-scale transformations. Banks that have attempted to use artificial intelligence have had to make large upfront investments. Additionally, banks must pay extremely high prices to hire the staff necessary to enable the development and upkeep of these systems because such staff is in short supply. Therefore, banks that are using artificial intelligence are really experiencing short-term financial losses. They still feel that technology will give them a competitive advantage in the market soon, therefore they are sticking with their investments since they think they will all be profitable.

### **Irrational Ecosystem Behavior**

Humans are able to consider unique situations and judgment calls when making decisions, something that Artificial Intelligence may never be able to do, even if AI can learn and grow. AI may introduce illogical behavior into human and object ecosystems if it replaces adaptive human behavior.

### **Transmission of power**

People are often afraid that AI may replace or perhaps take over humans. The few people in charge of artificial intelligence could gain a great deal of influence from it. Thus, artificial intelligence (AI) bears the risk, usurping human control and dehumanizing behavior in a number of ways.

## Conclusion

In order to strengthen financial services, AI is progressively permeating the banking sector. During a period of social isolation and quarantine, individuals are more inclined to transact and stay updated with their bank accounts online. It is almost a given that most banks and other financial organizations would use AI in order to maintain their competitiveness and provide better customer service, given these benefits.

A machine learning method does, however, come with a few drawbacks. The decision-making abilities could lead to issues in the near future as it learns and develops more. In addition, as the number of manual workers declines, artificial intelligence plays a vital role in guaranteeing banks can continue to provide excellent customer service. We hope this post clarifies what is almost certain to happen. Banks and other financial firms frequently use artificial intelligence tools. It can be argued from this study that the idea of artificial intelligence was first presented as a way to simulate human brains. AI technology improves client experience and interaction, boosts banking process efficiency, and builds security and risk management. This study concludes with some thoughts on the significance of AI in the banking industry. AI provides information to banks and financial organizations about cyber attacks and the costs of solutions. Artificial intelligence techniques identify a variety of fraud and data breach-related risks.

Banks must use ethical AI practices in order to optimize AI's benefits while minimizing its drawbacks. This entails making AI systems transparent and accountable, addressing biases and ethical issues, giving data privacy and security top priority, up skilling the workforce through education and training, and retaining human oversight and control.

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