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# **Formulation and Evaluation of Herbal Soap**

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## ABSTRACT

herbal soap is a natural soap to conventional soap that is Often made using herbs and plant-based ingredients. The The use of herbal soap provides various benefits, such as Healing the skin, provide natural fragrance, provide Smoothing; it is made using natural ingredients that do Not harm The environment and is biodegradable. numerous chemical toxins and microorganisms present in the The atmosphere may cause chemical infection and damage to the Skin cosmetics alone are not sufficient to take care of the Skin. Herbal soap ingredients use neem, tulsi, and turmeric, neem leaf and seed were found effective against Dermatophytes, turmeric shows anti-inflammatory and Anti-bacterial properties and tulsi shows anti-viral Activity.

Keywords: herbal soap, cosmetics, skin health.

## **INTRODUCTION**

Herbal soap is a type of soap made using natural ingredients derived from various herbs and plants. Herbs such as lavender, mint, rosemary, and chamomile are commonly used in making herbal soap.

Herbal soap is known for its soothing, rejuvenating, and healing properties, making it a popular choice for people with sensitive or dry skin.

Currently, a significant number of cosmetic products are adulterated, and numerous other beauty preparations available in the market are of inferior quality, posing potential risks of side effects such as skin rashes, allergic reactions, and even the development of skin diseases [1]

Herbal soap preparations are medicines or pharmaceuticals because they include antibacterial and antifungal agents [2]

## cosmetic

This preparation possesses antimicrobial properties and is administered topically and is available to apply in various forms like creams, lotion gel, soap, solvent extract, or ointment. [3]

A variety of creams and soap properties have been used to treat various skin disorders [4]

## SKIN TYPES AND BASIC SKINCARE

The requirements for basic skincare

- a) Cleansing agent removes the dust, dead cells, and dirt that chokes the pores on the skin. Some of the common cleansers include vegetable oils like coconuts and palm oil.
- b) Use of Toners: The toners help to Lighten the skin and keep it from being exposed to many of the dust particles that are floating in the air or other environmental pollutants in our surroundings.



## c) Moisturizing: Moisturizing helps the skin to become soft and hydrated.

#### herbal soap

Herbal soap preparation is a medicine that contains antibacterial, anti-aging, anti-oxidant, and anti-septic properties. It mainly uses parts of plants like seeds, rhizomes, nuts, leaves, flowers, and pulps to treatment for an injury or disease or to achieve good health. [5]

Herbal soap does not contain any artificial color agents, flavor agents, fluorides, etc.[6]

Herbs are natural products mostly found in the treatment of almost all diseases and skin problems owing to their high medicinal value, cost-effectiveness, availability, and compatibility. [7]

#### Most common diseases

The most common skin diseases are Eczema, Acne, Rashes, Psoriasis, Allergy, dry skin, urticaria, etc The herbal remedies used for special skin problems are given in Special skin problem and Herbal remedies

#### Soap

Soap is a common cleansing agent well known to everyone in the world. Many authors defined soap in different ways. Warra<u>[8]</u> Soap can also be said to be any water-soluble salt of fatty acids containing eight or more carbon atoms.

Soaps are produced for a variety of purposes likes as washing, bathing, medication, etc. [9]

The affinity of the hydrocarbon chain to oil and grease, while the carboxylic group to water is the main reason soap is being used mostly with water for cleaning purposes [10]



#### Skin

Skin is very important for all healthcare professionals to have basic information about the structure and function of human skin. Skin is also called a cutaneous membrane. In adults, the skin has a surface area ranging from 2.2m2. The skin has two types, hair-bearing skin that covers much of the body and hairless skin as that of the palms of Hands and so less of feet. Skin is the most exposed part of the body to sunlight, and environmental pollution and is also used for some protection against pathogens. [11]



#### skin anatomy



#### literature review

Review of literature	abstract
1. Gulshan Kumar Mishra,	Herbal soap was made by using coconut oil,
Ritu Verma,	rose oil, lavender oil, and NaOH (lye), and
Gaurav bhaduka,	different extracts were included in the basic
Rakesh Goyal (2023)	saponification reaction
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal	
Soap	
2. Raja Kumar,	The formulation of the herbal soap included
, Md Shoaib Akhtar	neem, Aloe Vera, tulsi, and vitamin C
, Mansi Gupta (2023)	The chemical ingredients of neem, also need
FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF	anti-inflammatory, anti-hyperglycemic, anti-
HERBAL NEEM SOAP	ulcer, anti-malarial, anti-fungal, and anti-
	bacterial. Products for skin care purposes
	contain tocopheryl acetate, glycerin, and
	vitamin C.
3. Amrita Majumdar,	Herbal soap is a natural plant variation of
Bhavay Thakkar,	traditional soap that is frequently made using
Shobhit Saxena,	botanical plants herbs and plant-based
Pradeep	ingredients. Some of the most commonly
Dwivedi and	used herbs in herbal soap as a cleansing
vijaya Tripathi (2023)	include lavender, chamomile



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4. Mahipal Choudhary,	A natural cleanser and hand sanitizer were
Rajeev Kumar,	planned to utilize the leaf and bark
Kailash Mahawar,	concentrate of Azadirachta indica, Ocimum
Madhuri Shringirish	tenuiflorum, Sap Indus mukorussi, and
Sanwar Mal Yadav (2023)	Acacia concinna powder.
WORLD JOURNAL OF ADVANCE	. properties, neem leaves, and their
HEALTHCARE RESEARCH	constituents have been shown to display
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	calming, antihyperglycemic,
Using Natural Ingredients	
5. J. Bhavani	The homegrown cleanser was defined by
, M. Chinnathambi, S. Sandhanam	utilizing leaves of neem, Aloe Vera, tulsi,
, S. Jothilingam	vit-c, and tocopheryl acetic acid derivation
, S. Arthi	ayurvedic beauty care products are
and N.	exceptionally accommodating and do not
Monisha (2023)	donate side impacts. Ayurvedic beauty care
World Journal Of Pharmaceutical Research	products are too known as homegrown
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	beauty care products.
Using Natural Ingredients	
6. Pius A. Skiki,	They are prepared by the saponification
Hadiza Tanin Onyibe,	process, which is, reacting the oil that
Basiru Olgitan (2017)	contains triglycerides with caustic soda
Potravinartva Slovak Journal Of Food	(NaOH) to give the soap. In the present work
Science A Component Study Of	prepared a total ten numbers of herbal soaps
Physiochemical Properties And	by using guava and neem
Antimicrobial Qualities Of Abused Moring S	
7. Gana Manjusha K,	this study aims to formulate and evaluate the
Ravii Chandra T Balakrishnaip Syanada R,	herbal bath soap using methanolic extracts of
Mounik N, (2019)	three plants having ethnic and
Asian Journal Of Pharmaceutical And	dermatological importance in Ayurveda,
Clinical Research Formulation And	namely, hemidesmus indicus, cyperus
Evaluation Of Herbal Soap Containing	rotundus, and Saussurea lappa. \nmethods:
Methanolic Extract Of Three Ayurvedic	the roots of h. Indicus and s. Lappa and
Varnya Herbs	rhizomes of c. Rotundus were extracted with
	ethanol using
8. Jyoti Joshi,	The Need To Achieve And Maintain Healthy
Devi P,	Skin Is On The Rise. This Causes the
Bhandari	Composition Of Antioxidant Soaps With
, Rajeswar Ranjitkar,	Complex Synthetic Chemicals Whose Safety
Laxman Bhandari (2019)	On Skin And Human Health Is Still Unclear.
Journal Of Plant Research	
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	
Using Curcuma Zedoaria	



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9. Janeffer Lemberg	in principle, phytotherapy is the study of
, Messias Barboza (2020)	medicinal plants and their applications in the
International Journal Of Pharmaceutical	treatment and cure of diseases medicinal
Science Use Of Hibiscus	plants have been in use since antiquity, and
Sabdaritial.D Rosmarinus Officinalis L. In	their importance
Formulation Of Anti-Bacterial Soap	_
10. Ashlesha Ghanwut,	An herbal soap and hand sanitizer were
Sachin Wayzod,	formulated using the leaf and bark extract of
Vanjire Divya (2020)	Azadirachta indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum,
Journal Of Research In Pharmaceutical	Sapindus mukorussi, and acacia concinna
Science Formulation And Evaluation	powder. Ayurvedic cosmetics are also
For Herbal Soap	known as herbal cosmetics the natural
	content in the herbs does not have any side
	effects on the human body[5] most herbal
	supplements are based
11. Dr. A Selta,	Bacterial Skin Infections Are Most Common
Dv Sivani, (2021)	among people, Requiring Significant
International Journal Of Pharmaceutical	Attention For Treatment And Also
Science	Maintaining Healthy Skin. Some Herbal
Formulation And Evaluation For Herbal	Plant Extraction And Their Oils Were Found
Soap	To Use an Antibacterial Action. The Aim
	And Objective Of The Present Study Are To
	Formulate And Evaluate Anti-Bacterial
	Herbal
12. Munde Govind Anant,	The Herbal Soap Was Formulated By Using
Dr. Hingane L.D	Leaf Of Neem, Aloe Vera, Tulshi, Vit-C, and
, Miss Shinde R (2021)	Tocopheryl Acetate Ayurvedic Cosmetics
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	are very Helpful And Do Not Give Side
Using Natural Ingredients	Effects. Ayurvedic Cosmetics Are Also
	Known As Herbal Cosmetics
	Antiinflammatory, Antihypergyasemic,
	Antiulcer, Antimalarial,
13. Devipriya Nisha P,	Bacterial Infections Are Most Common In
Nivetha L,	Humans. The Herbs Are Known To Possess
Deepak Kumar (2021)	Various Potentials for antiinflammatory,
International Journal Of Pharmaceutical	Antibacterial, And Antifungal Properties
Scientific	Which have been Explored For Ages And
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	Incorporated Into Various Forms, of Human
Using Curcuma Zedoaria	Use.
14. Patel Anu,	The Aim Of Our Study To Develop The
Patel Anar,	Herbal Hygienic Soap By Using the Cold
Patel Janhanvi,	Process Method And Having an
Bhuvsar Hrmal (2022)	Antimicrobial Agent. Herbal Soap Was



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International Journal Of Scientific Research	Prepared Using Coconut Oil, Castor Oil,
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	Neem Oil, Lavender Oil, Rose Oil, And
	Naoh (Lye) And Different Extracts Were
	Included Into Basic Saponification Reaction
	Content, Foaming Index,
15. Arjun Attaullah ,	The Use Of Herbs On Skin Disorders Has
Aruna Govindarajulu,	Been Done For Thousands Of Years. Herbal
Shafk Jasmine Shashina (2022)	Remedies are used for Many kinds of
Asian Journal Of Biological And Life	Diseases Especially Skin Disorders and Are
Science	Currently Gaining Popularity Among
Formulation Of Herbal Soap Against Acne-	Patients. In Asia, Especially In South East
Causing Bacteria	Asian Countries, Herbal Treatments
16. Selvanani M,	The Need To Achieve And Maintain Healthy
Surya Prakash R,	Skin Is On The Rise. This Causes the
Siva Shankar D, Subash K,	Composition Of Antioxidant Soaps With
Siva Guru M (2022)	involved Synthetic Chemicals Whose Safety
World Journal Of Pharmaceutical And	On Skin And Human Health Is Still not
Medical Research Formulation And	known.
Evaluation Of Polyherbal Soap	
17. J. Bhavani	The Home Grown Cleanser Was Defined By
N. Chinnathambi,	Utilizing Leaf Of Neem, Aloe Vera, Tulshi,
S. Sandhanam	Vit-C, and Tocopheryl Acetic Acid
Jothiligam,	Derivation Ayurvedic Beauty Care Products
S. Arthi (2023)	Is Exceptionally Accommodating And Does
World Journal Of Pharmaceutical Research	Not Donate Side Impacts. Ayurvedic B-
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	Grown Beauty Care Products.
Using Natural Ingredients	
18. Gopi.,	Fungal Skin Infections Are Most Common
S. Sandhiya,	among people, Requiring Significant
Ramya,	Attention For Treatment And Also To
S. Sandhiya B. Rohini,	Maintain Good And Healthy Skin. Some
R, Reshma (2023)	Herbal Plants Have Antifungal Activity. The
Ijppr Human Journal Formulation And	Aim And Purpose Of The Present Study Is
Evaluation Of Antifungal Herbal Soap	To Formulate Antifungal Herbal Bath Soap
	by Using Different Types of Herbal Plants.
19. Akash Walmikraa Dhakne, Mr . S. B.	the formulation of the herbal soop Included
Deshmukh (2023)	neem leaf, aloe vera, rules, vitamin C, and
International Journal Of Innovative Research	Tocopheryl acetate. Ayurvedic cosmetics are
In Technology	highly beneficial and do not have negative
Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap	side Effects. Herbal cosmetics are also
	known as Ayurvedic cosmetics.
20. Hari Prasath C,	It Is Commonly Used For gastronomical And
Divya Priya S,	Therapeutical Purposes, Which Also Has



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Dhana Rangesh Kumar V. (2023)	The Maximum Amount Of Health Benefits.
Asian Journal Of Pharmaceutical And	The Main Objective is to Study the
Clinical Research	Formulation Of Antifungal Herbal
Formulation And Evaluation Of Anti-Fungal	

### AIM AND OBJECTIVE

#### Aim:-

Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap

## **Objective:-**

- The Objective Of This Work Is the Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Soap Using Turmeric, Neem, Tulsi, And Alovera
- The Main Objective Was To Formulated Herbal Soap Or Mediated Herbal Soap with anti-bacterial, Anti-Microbial, And Rich Antioxidant
- The Formulate Herbal Soap Having Minimum Side Effects
- The Main Purpose For the Preparation Of Herbal Soap Is To Use Natural Ingredients Instead of Synthetic Chemicals.

## NEED TO WORK

- A Pharmaceutical Or Medicated That Contains Anti Bacterial And Anti Fungal Ingredients Is Known As Herbal Soap
- Herbal Soaps Are Formulated Using Natural Ingredients To Avoid The Use Of Chemical Because the Same Chemical May Cause Side Effects But Natural Ingredients Give Minimum Side Effects
- Herbal Soaps Are Formulated Because They Are Gentle And Mild On The Skin
- There Is The Need To Formulated Herbal Soap As They Are :
- Free From Harm Chemicals
- Synthetic Fragrance
- Artificial Additives

## WORK AND SCHEDULE

## PLAN OF WORK;

Preparation Of Herbal Soap Are Carried Out By Following Steps

- 1. Literature Survey
- 2. Collection Of Plant Materials
- 3. Extraction Of Herbal Drug
- 4. Formulation Of Herbal Soap
- 5. Evaluation Of Test For Herbal Soap
- Ph
- Physical Parameters
- Determination Of Percentage Alkali
- Foam Height
- Anti-Bacterial Test



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### OUTCOME

The Natural Component Found In Herbal Soap Posses Anti-Bacterial, Anti-Fungal, Anti- Inflammatory Properties Which Make skin Effective In Various kinds of Skin Conditions Like Acne, Eczema, Psoriasis Soft The Skin Epidermis Enhanced Greater Penetration Remove Acne As Well As Promote Healing And Resolution In Quickly In Time ok

### METHODOLOGY

#### Content Of Soap

- 1. TULSI:- ANTI-BACTERIAL AND ANTI-FUNGAL
- 2. TURMERIC:- ANTIOXIDANT
- 3. NEEM :- ANTISEPTIC
- 4. ROSE WATER: FLAVOURING AGENTS, COOLING AGENTS
- 5. ALOVERA:- IT SOOTHE SUNBURNS OR DRY SKIN

#### TULSI

- BOTANICAL NAME :- OCIMUM TENUIFLORUM
- COMMON NAME :- HOLY BASIL.
- CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS :- EUGENOL GERMACRCETERPEN
- PART TYPICALLY USED:- LEAVES
- COLOUR :- GREEN
- PROPERTIES:- ANTIFUNGAL, ANTIBACTERIAL, ANTISEPTIC





## **TUMERIC:-**

- BIOLOGICAL SOURCE:- CURCUMA LONGA
- COMMON NAME:- HALDI
- PART TYPICALLY USED:- ROOT
- EFFECT:-DARK SPOT, NATURAL GLOW, DIMINISH SCARS
- PROPERTIES:- ANTIBACTERIAL, ANTIAGING, ANTIOXIDANT



## NEEM:

- FAMILY :- MELIACEAE
- BIOLOGICAL SOURCE ACTIVE:- AZADIRACHTA INDICA
- CONSTITUENTS:- AZADIRACHTA, NIMBIN, NIMBIDIN
- PATS USE:- LEAVES, SEED, FLOWER, BARK
- USES:- MOISTURISING, COOLING,
- PROPERTIES :- ANTIBACTERIAL. ANTI-SEPTIC
- OTHER USES :- INSECTICIDE, ANTIFEEDANT





### **ROSE WATER:-**

- FAMILY :-ROSACEAE FAMILY
- BIOLOGICAL SOURCE :- ROSA DAMASCENA
- CONSTITUENTS:- PHENETHYL ALCOHOL, GERANIOL, BETA-CITRONELLOL
- PARTS USED :- ROSE PETAL
- PROPERTIES :- ANTIBACTERIAL, ANTI-INFLAMMATORY



#### ALOVERA

- FAMILY :- ASPHODELACEAE
- BIOLOGICAL SOURCE:- DRIED LATEX OF LEAVES OF IT
- CONSTITUENTS :- AMYLASE, MONOSACCHARIDE
- PART USED:- GREEN PART OF THE LEAF
- PROPERTIES:- ANTIOXIDANT, ANTIDIABETICS, ANTIAGING





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#### • INGREDIENTS

ALOVERA	GEL
ORANGE OIL	LABORATORY REAGENT
ROSE WATER	LABORATORY REAGENT
SOAP BASE	LABORATORY REAGENT
NEEM	LEAVES
TULSI	LEAVES
TURMERIC	ROOT

#### PREPARATION AND METHOD

Collection Of Necessary Ingredients

The Herbal Ingredients Such As Dried Herbs And Botanical Powder Are Collected.

#### Melt The Soap

Base Cut The Soap Base Into Small Pieces And Melt In Microwaves. Stir The Soap Base Until It Has Melted To Smooth Consistency

#### **Addition Of Herbs**

Add Herbs Slowly And Stir continuously to Ensure They Are Evenly Distributed Throughout The Soap

#### **Pour Into Moulds**

Once Herbal Are Added Pour The Soap Into Moulds. Lets It Cool And Harden For Hours Or Overnight

## Cut And Store The Soap

Once the Soap Is Fully Cooled And Hardened, Remove It From the Mould And Cut It Into Desired Shapes And Sizes, Store In a Cool, Dry Place Until Ready To Use,

#### **EVALUATION OF HERBAL SOAPS**

#### 1. Physical Parameter

The prepared Herbal soap was inspected Visually For its color, Weight Variation, Odour, and Appearance. The Ph Was Measured In Each Cream, Using A Ph Meter

#### 2. Weight Variation

Collected 10 Soaps To Calculate The Individual Weight Finally Calculated The Average Weight Of Herbal Soap

#### 3. Percentage Yield

The Empty Container Was In Which The Herbal Soap's Formulation Was Stored Then Again The Container Was Weighed With The Herbal Soap's Formulation. Then Subtracted Percentage Yield = Practical Yield / Theoretical Yield  $\times$  100

#### 4. Solubility:

1.5gm Of Soap Added 10ml Of Solvents And Shake It for 3min and then View The Solubility Result.

#### 6. Foam Height

Dissolve 0.4 Gm Of Prepared Soap In Distilled Water and Then Make Up The Volume To 50 Ml With Distilled Water In a 100 Ml of Measuring Cylinder. After the process Measured The Foam Height, Above The Aqueous Volume By Giving 25 Strokes.

#### 7. Foam Retention

Prepared The 25 Ml Of The 1% Soap Solution And Transferred it Into The 100 Ml Measuring Cylinder. Then The Cylinder Was Shaken 10 Times. The Volume Of Foam Was Recorded At One Minute For 4 To



5 Minutes.

#### 8. Skin Irritancy Test

Mark An Area (2sq.Cm) On The right Hand Dorsal Surface. The Herbal Soap Was Applied To The righthand side at the Specified Area at that time note what happened to the hand. Irritancy, Erythema, and Edema Were Checked For Regular Intervals Up To 24 hours and then Reported.

#### CONCLUSION

The natural ingredients found in herbal soap have antibacterial, antifungal, and anti-inflammatory properties, which make the skin effective in various kinds of skin conditions like acne, pimple, eczema, and psoriasis.

The plant of neem, tulsi turmeric, and aloe vera constituents extraction was studied. The prepared formulation when tested for different tests gave good results. It does not give irritancy to the skin was determined by using these soaps by a few volunteers hence it is proved that soap does not give any irritancy to the skin.

Furthermore, the prepared soap was standardized by evaluating various physicochemical properties such as pH appearance and odor in which the exhibited satisfactory effect.

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